



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
 PROVINCE OF ILOILO
 MUNICIPALITY OF PAVIA
 -oOo-

OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN HELD ON DECEMBER 11, 2023 AT 9:00 A.M. IN THE SESSION HALL, MUNICIPAL BUILDING, PAVIA, ILOILO.

PRESENT:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. Hon. Edsel G. Gerochi | -Municipal Vice Mayor
Presiding Officer |
| 2. Hon. Jo Jan Paul Peñol | -Municipal Councilor |
| 3. Hon. Ariel Gerada | - do- |
| 4. Hon. Jose Maria Trimañez | - do- |
| 5. Hon. Daniel S. Fajardo II | - do- |
| 6. Hon. Roy Gorríceta, Sr. | - do- |
| 7. Hon. Rhia Sotomil | - do- |
| 8. Hon. Joshua Philippe Gumban | - do- |
| 9. Hon. Tito J. Henarios | -Liga President, Ex-Officio Member |

ABSENT:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Hon. Leonardo L. Belasa | - Municipal Councilor- |
| 2. Hon. Gerard Peter G. Zalduendo | - SK Fed. President, Ex-Officio Member |

MUNICIPAL ORDINANCE NO. 2023-51

AN ORDINANCE ENACTING LOCAL ENERGY CODE OF PAVIA, ILOILO TO PROMOTE ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION, FACILITATE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ENERGY PROJECTS, HARMONIZE LOCAL AND NATIONAL POLICIES ON ENERGY DEVELOPMENT UTILIZATION, MANAGEMENT EFFICIENCY, SAFETY, RESILIENCE AND DEVELOPMENT, AND FOR SUCH OTHER RELATED PURPOSES, AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREOF, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "LOCAL ENERGY CODE OF PAVIA 2023.

Author	:Hon Daniel S. Fajardo II
Sponsors	:Hon Daniel S. Fajardo II :Hon. Joshua Philippe B. Gumban :Hon. Leonardo L. Belasa :Hon. Jose Maria D. Trimañez

WHEREAS, the Congress of the Philippines passed Republic Act No. 11285, An Act Institutionalizing Energy Efficiency and Conservation, Enhancing the Efficient Use of Energy, and Granting Incentives to Energy Efficiency and Conservation Projects Otherwise Known as the "Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act", and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) mandating all LGUs to formulate, develop, and implement their own Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan (LEECP) to ensure sufficiency and stability of energy supply in their jurisdiction in support of their local economic and social development goals;

WHEREAS, under the operative principles of decentralization and as provided by Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the "Local Government Code of 1991," the LGU's capabilities shall be employed to implement national programs and projects actively. Within their respective territorial jurisdictions, LGUs shall ensure support, among other things, the establishment of guidelines to facilitate the implementation of energy projects, energy policies and mechanisms for energy safety practices, energy efficiency and conservation, energy resiliency, energy planning, which includes energy access and resource development;

WHEREAS, the Department of Energy (DOE), in implementing the pertinent energy laws, sees the LGUs as indispensable stakeholders and reiterates the existing and potential benefits for host communities of energy projects, such as Energy Regulation 1-94 (ER 1-94), national wealth tax or government share, job creations, and other social and economic development programs;

WHEREAS, the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), in support of the DOE, enjoins all LGUs to implement the directive of the President on the implementation of energy projects;

WHEREAS, the DILG and the DOE issued a Joint Memorandum Circular No. 2020-01 providing for the Guidelines for LGUs to Facilitate the Implementation of Energy Projects;

WHEREAS, the Sangguniang Bayan of Pavia, passed a resolution embodying Provincial Ordinance No. 2022-277, entitled "An Ordinance Promoting the Development, Utilization, and Commercialization of Renewable Energy Resources, (Iloilo Provincial Ordinance for Renewal Energy I-PORE) Appropriating Funds Therefore, and for Other Purposes", which aims for the development, utilization, and commercialization of renewable energy resources in the Province of Iloilo;

WHEREAS, The Province of Iloilo issued a provincial ordinance no. 2023-304, an ordinance enacting a local government energy code to promote energy efficiency and conservation, facilitate the implementation of energy projects, harmonize local and national policies on energy development utilization, management efficiency, safety, resilience and development, and for such other related purposes, and providing funds thereof, otherwise known as "Iloilo local energy code or i-locode 2023"

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED BY THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN IN SESSION DULY ASSEMBLED, THAT:

SECTION 1. Title. This Ordinance shall be known as the "Local Energy Code of Pavia 2023".

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. It is the policy of the Municipality of Pavia to:

- (a) Institutionalize energy efficiency and conservation as a way of life of its constituents to secure sufficiency, stability, and reliability of energy supply;
- (b) Utilize available energy resource efficiently and decrease the wasteful utilization of energy through the use of energy efficiency measures and strategies;
- (c) Promote and encourage the development and utilization of efficient renewable energy system and technologies and other alternative sources of energy; and,
- (d) Realize economic growth and development through a sufficient and stable energy supply while ensuring the protection of health and the environment and judicious consumption.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the following terms shall have the meanings below unless indicated otherwise:

- (a) **EECO** refers to the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office.
- (b) **Energy conservation** refers to the reduction of losses and wastage in various energy stages from energy production to energy consumption through the adoption of appropriate measures that are technologically feasible, economically sound, environmentally-friendly, and socially affordable.

- (c) **Energy efficiency** refers to the way of managing and restraining the growth in energy consumption resulting in the delivery of more services for the same energy input or the same services for less energy input.
- (d) **EVOSS Act** refers to R.A. No. 11234, otherwise known as the "Energy Virtual One- Stop Shop Act".
- (e) **Green Energy Option** refers to the mechanism to empower end-users to choose renewable energy in meeting their energy requirements.
- (f) **Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan (LEECP)** refers to a collaborative and multi-stakeholder comprehensive framework, governance structure, and programs prepared by the LGU for local energy efficiency and conservation with defined targets, feasible strategies, and regular monitoring and evaluation.
- (g) **National Energy Efficiency and Conservation Database (NEECD)** refers to a centralized, comprehensive, and unified database on national energy consumption, the application and use of energy efficient and renewable energy technologies, and other critical and relevant information to be used for evaluation, analysis, and dissemination of data and information related to energy efficiency and conservation.
- (h) **Net-Metering** refers to a system, appropriate for distributed generation, in which a distribution grid user has a two-way connection to the grid and is only charged for his net electricity consumption and is credited for any overall contribution to the electricity grid.
- (i) **Renewable Energy Resources** refers to energy resources that do not have an upper limit on the total quantity to be used. Such resources are renewable on a regular basis, and whose renewal rate is relatively rapid to consider availability over an indefinite period of time. These include, among others, biomass, solar, wind, geothermal, ocean energy, and hydropower conforming with internationally accepted norms and standards on dams, and other emerging renewable energy technologies.
- (j) **Waste-to-Energy Technologies** shall refer to systems which convert biodegradable materials such as, but not limited to, animal manure or agricultural waste, into useful energy through process such as anaerobic digestion, fermentation and gasification, among others, subject to the provisions and intent of Republic Act No. 8749 (Clean Air Act of 1999) and Republic Act No. 9003 (Ecological Solid Waste Management Act of 2000)
- (k) **Climate Change** is a change in climate that can be identified by changes in the mean and/or variability of its properties and that persists for an extended period typically, attributed directly or indirectly to human activity that alters the composition of the global atmosphere and is in addition to natural climate variability observed over comparable time periods (United National Framework Convention on Climate Change).
- (l) **Climate Change Adaptation** is a response can be classified as adaptation if it intends to reduce the vulnerability of humans or natural systems to the impacts of climate change and climate-related risks, by maintaining or increasing adaptive capacity and resilience.
- (m) **Climate Financing** are funding resources that have been allocated or may be utilized towards the climate change adaptation and mitigation requirements of the country and its vulnerable communities.

- (n) **Climate Change Mitigation** is a response aimed at reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, directly or indirectly, by avoiding or capturing GHG before they are emitted to the atmosphere or sequestering those already in the atmosphere by enhancing "sinks" such as forests.
- (o) **Renewable Energy (RE)** refers to clean energy sources or processes that are constantly replenished. These sources of energy include solar energy, wind energy, geothermal energy, and hydroelectric power.
- (p) **Renewable Energy Systems (RE Systems)** refer to energy systems which convert RE resources into useful energy forms, like electrical, mechanical, etc.
- (q) **Solar Energy** refers to the energy derived from solar radiation that can be converted into useful thermal or electrical energy.
- (r) **Solar Energy System** refer to energy systems which convert solar energy into thermal or electrical energy.
- (s) **Wind Energy** refers to the energy that can be derived from wind that is converted into useful electrical or mechanical energy.
- (t) **Wind Energy Systems** refer to the machines or other related equipment that convert wind energy into useful electrical or mechanical energy.

SECTION 4. Energy Sector Committee. An Energy Sector Committee is hereby created to facilitate the implementation of energy projects, in accordance with the existing pertinent energy and other regulatory laws, and issuance.

The Energy Sector Committee shall be composed of following:

Chairperson: Municipal Mayor

Vice Chairpersons: 1) Municipal Vice Mayor
2) Chairperson, Committee on Disaster Risk Reduction & Mgt
3) Chairperson, Committee on Environmental Protection

Members:

1. Heads of the following Departments and Offices:

- (a) Municipal Planning and Development Office (MPDO)
- (b) Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO)
- (c) Municipal Engineer's Office (MEO)
- (d) General Services Office (GSO)
- (e) Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO)
- (f) Municipal Budget Office (MBO)
- (g) Rural Health Unit (RHU)
- (h) Municipal Agriculture's Office (MAO)
- (i) Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Office (MDRRMO)
- (j) Treasury Office or Local Economic Enterprise Office
- (k) Tourism Office
- (l) Municipal Legal Office (*if available*)
- (m) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO), *if available*

2. President of Liga ng mga Barangay
3. Representative of the Private Sector (Energy and Transport Sector)
4. Representative from the Academe and/or the duly accredited Civil Society Organization

SECTION 5. Powers and Functions. The Energy Sector Committee shall have the following powers and functions:

- (a) Develop, formulate, evaluate, recommend and oversee the implementation of energy policies, programs, and projects;
- (b) Develop and formulate policies, programs, and projects to promote, encourage, assist, and support the exploration and development of energy sources within the locality in support of the national government's aim of achieving an optimal energy mix from conventional, alternative, renewable, and other sources of energy;
- (c) Develop and formulate policies that would promote and mandate the development, generation, and utilization of renewable energy resources, efficient renewable energy system and technologies, and other alternative source of energy;
- (d) Develop and formulate policies, programs, and projects that would promote and mandate energy efficiency and conservation in accordance with existing pertinent laws, policies, and issuance;
- (e) Recommend the adoption of a concise and systematic procedure to streamline the process of issuing the necessary permits on energy-related projects in accordance with R.A. No. 11234, otherwise known as the EVOSS Act, and the Joint Memorandum Circular No. 2020-01 issued by the DILG and DOE;
- (f) Represent the Municipality of Pavia in the prior and periodic consultations required by R.A. No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code, before any renewable energy exploration activity is conducted within its jurisdiction;
- (g) Recommend the approval of financial arrangements for energy efficiency projects following the procedures laid down in pertinent laws, rules and regulations, policies and issuance;
- (h) Ensure the strict enforcement of the penalty provisions of existing energy laws, rules and regulations, and other issuance; and,
- (i) Perform such other powers and functions necessary to attain the objectives of this Code.

SECTION 6. Technical Working Committee. The Energy Sector Committee shall create a TWC which shall be composed of the same

- Chairperson : Municipal Mayor
- Vice Chairpersons : 1) Municipal Vice Mayor
2) Chairperson, Committee on Energy Sector or Environmental Protection

Members:

1. Heads of the following Departments and Offices:

- (a) Municipal Planning and Development Office (MPDO)
- (b) Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO)
- (c) Municipal Engineer's Office (MEO)
- (d) General Services Office (GSO)
- (e) Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO)
- (f) Municipal Budget Office (MBO)
- (g) Rural Health Unit (RHU)
- (h) Municipal Agriculture's Office (MAO)
- (i) Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Office (MDRRMO)
- (j) Treasury Office and Local Economic Enterprise Office
- (k) Representative from the Academe
- (l) ILECO I
- (m) MORE Power

SECTION 7. Functions of TWC. The Technical Working Committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

- a. Operationalize the policies mandated by this Code;
- b. Act as Secretariat of the Energy Sector Committee;
- c. Lay the ground work for the formulation and development of the energy plans and programs such as the Local Energy Plan, the Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan and the Government Energy Management Program by making preliminary assessment and the evaluation of the locality's (a) energy resources; (b) energy consumption; (c) energy loss; (d) status of energy use; and, (e) such other relevant data and information; and,
- d. Coordinate, collaborate, and consult with the DILG, DOE, DENR, CCC and other concerned government agencies in fulfilling its functions and responsibilities herein set forth.

SECTION 8. Policy on Energy Development. It shall be the policy of the Municipality of Pavia to promote, encourage, assist, and support the exploration and development of energy sources within its locality in support of the national government's aim of achieving an optimal energy mix from conventional, alternative, renewable, and other sources of energy.

SECTION 9. Energy Resource Assessment. The MENRO shall consider the conduct of a survey, assessment, review, and evaluation of potential energy resources in its jurisdiction once every three (3) years to determine the feasibility or viability of conducting exploration and development and submit the same to the Energy Sector Committee. This shall be done in partnership with the DOE and the Academe.

SECTION 10. Promotion and Development of Renewable and Alternative Energy. In line with the national policy of reducing dependence on conventional sources of energy and minimizing greenhouse gas emissions, the Municipality of Pavia shall promote the development and utilization of indigenous renewable and alternative sources of energy in its jurisdiction. The Energy Sector Committee shall develop and formulate a policy that promotes and requires, if feasible, the LGU of Pavia, designated establishments, such other establishments to be determined by the Committee, to:

- (a.) Source such percentage of their energy requirement from renewable and alternative sources through the *Green Energy Option Program of DOE*;
- (b.) Utilize net-metering;
- (c.) Adopt waste-to-energy technologies; and,
- (d.) Adopt alternative emerging source and technologies such as but not limited to green hydrogen, ammonia, etc.

SECTION 11. Incorporation of Energy Projects. The MPDO, Engineering and MENRO of LGU Pavia shall incorporate the energy programs, policies, and projects into its spatial plan (Physical Framework Plan or Comprehensive Land Use Plan, whichever is applicable) and the Comprehensive Development Plan.

SECTION 12. Municipal Development and Physical Framework Plan (MDPFP). The Municipal Development and Physical Framework Plan shall incorporate and embody the following:

(a)Identifying Upstream and Downstream Energy Facilities. The Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO) / Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO), in consultation with concerned stakeholders, shall identify upstream conventional (coal, petroleum, or natural gas) and/or renewable energy (biomass, geothermal, solar, hydro-power, ocean, and wind) energy resources within its area of jurisdiction which shall be posted on a conspicuous area within the Municipality of Pavia and in the official Facebook page or website of the LGU Pavia, if such Facebook and website are available;

(b)Plotting of Energy Facilities. The Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO) / Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO), in consultation with concerned stakeholders, shall plot existing upstream and downstream energy facilities with coordinates in accordance with the Philippine Reference System 1992 (PRS 92);

(c)Coordination with the Private Sector. The Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO) / Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall coordinate with existing private sector stakeholders on the expansion plans of the existing upstream and downstream energy facilities;

(d)Submission of Data. The Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO) / Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall cause submission of the data required by this section to the LGU of Pavia for consolidation and submission to the DILG Municipal Office, provided, that all such data shall likewise be submitted to the Province of Iloilo, DILG, and the DOE-Investment Promotion Office; and,

(e)Coordination with Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Center. The Energy Sector Committee shall coordinate with the Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Center for energy investment opportunities and potential private-public partnerships.

SECTION 13. Incorporation into the Comprehensive Development Plan (CDP) of the Benefits of Energy Projects. The Municipal Development and Physical Framework Plan (MDPFP) and Local Development and Investments Plan (LDIP), in cooperation and coordination with the component of the barangay units, shall monitor and collect the benefits of energy projects and incorporate these benefits in the Comprehensive Development Plan. The benefits to host communities from the energy projects include, but shall not be limited to, those provided under Energy Regulation 1-94 (ER 1-94) and the National Wealth Tax.

The Municipal Planning and Development Office shall include all local energy policies, plans, and programs covering energy safety and best practices, energy efficiency and conservation, and energy resiliency in the Comprehensive Development Plan which shall be submitted to the Provincial Development Council and integrated to the Regional Development Plan.

SECTION 14. Power Distribution. It shall be the policy of the Municipality of Pavia to achieve total electrification of all households and establishments in its jurisdiction and to ensure the delivery of reliable, secure, and affordable electrical service in its locality.

SECTION 15. Anti-Obstruction of Power Lines. The Municipality of Pavia shall ensure compliance with R.A. No. 11361, otherwise known as the Anti-Obstruction of Power Lines Act. The Energy Sector Committee shall develop and formulate guidelines for the prohibition of hazardous activities and hazardous improvements, as defined in the said law, which threaten or endanger continuous and uninterrupted conveyance of electricity in its jurisdiction.

SECTION 16. Compliance with the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act. The Municipality of Pavia shall comply with the provisions of R.A. No. 11285, otherwise known as the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act.

SECTION 17. Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan. The Energy Sector Committee shall, in consultation and coordination with the DOE, DILG and relevant stakeholders, develop and formulate a Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan (LEECP) aligned with the Local Climate Change Action Plan (LCCAP) and other national directives and submit the same for adoption by the Sanggunian.

The Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan (LEECP) shall be incorporated in the Comprehensive Development Plan.

SECTION 18. Creation of the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO). There shall be established an Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO) which shall be under the supervision of the Energy Sector Committee.

The EECO shall be headed by an Energy Efficiency and Conservation Officer who shall be appointed by the Local Chief Executive and who possess all the qualifications and attributes provided under R.A. No. 11285.

SECTION 19. Powers and Functions of the EECO. The EECO shall have the following powers and functions:

(a) Ensure compliance by the Municipality of Pavia, Iloilo with the provisions of R.A. No. 11285, otherwise known as the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act;

(b) Implement the LEECP and monitor compliance therewith;

(c) Undertake energy audit of all the Municipality of Pavia facilities every three (3) years and prepare an energy audit report to be submitted to the Energy Sector Committee;

(d) Implement the Municipality of Pavia energy conservation program pursuant to the Government Energy Management Program (GEMP) and issue a report describing the status of the Municipality of Pavia energy efficiency projects;

(e) Conduct information, education, communication campaign designed to capacitate the Municipality of constituents on energy safety practices, energy planning, energy efficiency and conservation, and energy resiliency;

(f) Administer and oversee the granting of awards and citations under this Code; and,

(g) Subject to the supervision of the Energy Sector Committee, perform such other powers and functions necessary to attain the objectives of this Ordinance.

SECTION 20. Energy Efficiency and Conservation Officer. The EEC Officer, who shall head the EECO, must be at least a college graduate, possesses all the qualifications of an ECC Officer under R.A. No. 11285, and with relevant training and/or experience on energy efficiency, conservation, and utilization.

The Municipality of Pavia thru the Municipal Mayor is hereby authorized to create/fill-up Technical and Administrative positions to carry out the EECO's duties, powers and functions. Likewise, the Municipality of Pavia (Mayor) may assign/detail personnel from other offices/departments to assist/support the EECO subject to existing laws, rules and regulations.

He may be designated by the Local Chief Executive from the existing personnel of the LGU or hired through external recruitment.

The EEC Officer shall be responsible for carrying out the duties, powers, and functions of the EECO.

SECTION 21. Funding for the EECO. Funding requirements for the EECO shall be charged to the existing fund of the Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO).

SECTION 22. Adoption and Utilization of Alternative Fuels and Technologies. It shall be the policy of the Municipality of Pavia to promote greater adoption, utilization and commercialization of Alternative Fuels and Technologies, such as auto LPG, electric, LNG and CNG, in the transport sector to reduce reliance on conventional fuels and lessen carbon emission.

SECTION 23. LGU Vehicle Re-fleeting. The Municipality of Pavia shall prioritize the acquisition of next generation vehicles that utilize Alternative Fuels and Technologies in its vehicle re-fleeting program.

SECTION 24. Emerging Technologies. The Municipality of Pavia shall regularly conduct assessment of emerging energy technologies in the transport sector and develop and formulate policies for their adoption and utilization.

SECTION 25. Local Development and Investment Plan (LDIP). In coordination with the PPP Center, the LGU Energy Sector Committee may explore energy development, efficiency and conservation, safety, and resiliency projects with the private sector.

Pursuant to Section 109 of RA 7160 and in the interest of promoting energy efficiency in the local setting, the LGU of Pavia, through the Local Development Councils, shall include all energy projects including efficiency and conservation projects in the Investment Priority Areas (IPA).

Furthermore, the LGU of Pavia shall encourage the participation of the private sector on opportunities provided by the pertinent prevailing upstream and downstream laws.

SECTION 26. Compliance with Environmental Regulations. The LGU of Pavia shall ensure that all energy projects and facilities in its jurisdiction strictly implement environmental impact mitigation and enhancement measures. Compliance of all energy projects and facilities with other pertinent existing environmental rules and regulations shall be strictly enforced and monitored.

SECTION 27. Monitoring and Compliance. The Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall assist the DOE in conducting regular environmental compliance monitoring of energy projects and facilities to ensure that all environmental quality standards are observed.

The Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall ensure that all energy projects and facilities strictly comply with their (1) Environmental Management Plan or Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan, which should cover air quality, water quality, biodiversity, and waste management; (2) Environmental Compliance Certificates (ECC) conditions, and, (3) other pertinent existing regulations.

The Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall designate from the department's existing personnel representatives to Multi-Partite Monitoring Team (MMT) to projects and undertakings required to organize such MMT.

SECTION 28. Waste Management Collection, Recycling, and Disposal. The Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall ensure that the pertinent existing laws, guidelines, and rules and regulations on waste management collection, recycling, and disposal of wastes arising from energy-consuming devices, equipment, fixtures, and other relevant items, including end-of-life vehicles and their component parts.

The guidelines on appropriate containment features and management measures for hazardous wastes consistent with R.A. No. 6969, otherwise known as the "Toxic Substance and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990," shall be strictly enforced and monitored by Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO).

SECTION 29. Policy on Resiliency. It is the policy of the LGU-Pavia to require all energy projects and facilities within its jurisdiction to develop, formulate, and adopt mitigation and adaptation measures against the adverse impacts of climate change, destructive environmental conditions, human-induced calamities, interruptions, and other system disturbance to ensure that the energy system shall be resilient from all types of risks and vulnerabilities.

SECTION 30. Assessment of Energy Infrastructure and System Vulnerability. The Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Office shall annually conduct an assessment of energy infrastructure and system vulnerability and provide recommendations to improve the resiliency of energy projects and facilities.

SECTION 31. Local Energy Contingency Plan. The Energy Sector Committee shall develop and formulate a Local Energy Contingency Plan that lays down the processes and procedures that shall govern in the event of disasters and emergencies. The plan should ensure that necessary electricity service and fuel supply would be uninterrupted or restored to vital public service and critical and strategic activities during and after the occurrence of a disaster or emergency.

SECTION 32. Information, Education, and Communication Campaign. The LGU of Pavia, through the EECO, in coordination with the DILG, DOE, and the Academe, shall disseminate and capacitate its concerned stockholders and constituents on energy safety practices, energy efficiency and conservation, energy resiliency, energy planning which include energy access and resource development, energy programs, policies and projects.

SECTION 33. Promotion and Integration of Energy Efficiency and Conservation in school curricula. The EECO shall coordinate with the Department of Education and the Commission on Higher Education for the integration of energy efficiency and conservation practices in school curricula.

SECTION 34. Awards and Citations. The LGU-Pavia shall grant appropriate recognitions, awards, and citations, including cash and non-cash rewards, to individuals, juridical entities, business establishments, organizations, offices, and households that shall exhibit best practices in energy efficiency and conservation.

Awards and citations shall likewise be given for innovations in energy development and energy efficiency and conservation best practices.

Special awards shall be given to women, children, youth and other sectors for innovations in energy development and energy efficiency and conservation best practices.

SECTION 35. *Pending the creation of the EECO, the MENRO shall perform the powers and functions enumerated in Section 19 of this Code.*

SECTION 36. Funding Support. The Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) shall allocate appropriate funds annually to implement the provisions of this Code.

SECTION 37. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). The Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office/Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO) in coordination with the Municipal Planning and Development Office, the Municipal Engineer's Office (MEO), the General Services Office (GSO), the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO), the Municipal Budget Office (MBO), the Municipal Legal Office if there is available, the Rural Health Office (RHU), the Municipal Agriculture's Office (MAO), the Local Economic Development and Investment Promotion (LEDIP), the Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Office (MDRRMO), and the Office of Tourism Industry, in consultation with Technical Working Council and relevant stakeholders, shall craft and issue the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) 120 days after the effectivity of this Code.

SECTION 38. Separability Clause. If for any reason, any section or provision of this Ordinance is declared illegal or unconstitutional, other sections or provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SECTION 39. Repealing Clause. All previous issuance, ordinances, rules and regulations or parts thereof which are inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.


SECTION 40. Effectivity Clause. This Ordinance shall take effect thirty days (30) after its posting for 3 consecutive weeks in all conspicuous places in the Municipal Hall or in the local bulletin board of Pavia.

BE IT ORDAINED FURTHER to furnish copies of this ordinance to the Sangguniang Panlalawigan of the Province of Iloilo for review, DILG, and other concerned agencies for their information and appropriate action.

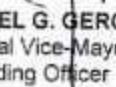
ENACTED this 11th day of December, 2023 at Pavia, Iloilo Philippines.

Approved.


I HEREBY CERTIFY to the correctness
of the above-quoted ordinance:


GYNNY G. GUMBAN
Secretary to the Sanggunian

ATTESTED BY:


HON. ESEL G. GEROCHI
Municipal Vice-Mayor
Presiding Officer

APPROVED:


HON. LAURENCE ANTHONY G. GORRICETA
Municipal Mayor